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#### Scaffold\_builder for Combining De Novo and Reference-guided Assembly

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## Summary

The abundance of repeat elements in genomes can impede the assembly of a single sequence. The tool *scaffold\_builder* was designed to generate scaffolds (super contigs of sequences joined by N-bases) using the homology provided by a closely related reference sequence.

## <u>Results</u>

The application was evaluated using simulated pyrosequencing reads of the three bacterial genomes, and two newly sequenced genomes. As shown in the Table below, *scaffold\_builder* decreases the number of contigs by ~62% while increasing their average length by ~200%.

# <u>Methods</u>

*Scaffold\_builder* is an advanced wrapper for Nucmer, written in Python. The Figure below illustrates how *scaffold\_builder* resolves several situations that may arise when mapping contigs to the reference genome.



### <u>Conclusions</u>

*Scaffold\_builder* helps to create longer sequences during genome assembly. It allows the user to combine the strengths of de novoassembly with the structure provided by a closely related reference.



Number

Average

Average |

Average

Average



Overlap: align the overlaps using Needleman-Wunsch's algorithm.

- Filling the gaps: fill the gaps with N in the regions without a contig mapping.
- Overlapping contig sub region: the contig is ignored because it maps in a location where was occupied by another contig with a longer hit.
- Ambiguous mapping: contigs ignored in scaffolding because they mapped to more than one location on the reference.
- Contig not mapped: contigs ignored in scaffolding because they were not

data	
388,386 159.0 30,383	
	50.0

Web-based version and Code:

http://edwards.sdsu.edu/scaffold\_builder

